



Codling Moth Trap & Lure

Directions For Assembly and Use

READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USE

Codling Moths attack apple, pear, quince and English Walnut trees.

LIFE CYCLE

Larvae overwinter in cocoons under bark or in any sheltered cavity. Most of the moths emerge from 1-3 weeks after petal fall. The moths are active only during twilight and dawn and lay about 50 to 60 eggs. Eggs are placed on the fruit and foliage and larvae chew into fruit. The first larvae hatch about 2 weeks after petal fall. Larvae begin entering fruit from early May to mid-May. In northern Indiana, the larvae begin entering fruit in late May, or during the 1st week in June.

CROP DAMAGE

Each female produces more than 50 larvae that damage fruit.

TIMING OF TRAP PLACEMENT

Traps should be hung before trees are in full bloom and should extend through the harvest.

TRAP PLACEMENT

Traps should be placed at eye level (5-6 ft.) and about 2 feet from the outer ends of branches. Position so that there is a foliage-free space of 12-18" around the trap. For mass trapping, hang 2 traps per tree. (Only 1 per dwarf tree)

LURE PLACEMENT

Lure should be replaced after 8 weeks. If there are only 2 generations of moths in your area, 1 lure will probably be adequate. If you have 3-4 generations, you will need a 2nd lure to maintain protection.

TRAP ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

1. Grasp top and bottom of the trap and pull apart. Fold perforated end inward to hold trap in a three dimensional shape as shown (see illustration)



-Grasp here and pull down to pull trap into place



-Fold ends inward

2. Open the protective packet, remove the lure. Stick the lure inside on the top of the trap.



-Place lure on inside top of trap

3. Hang the trap by placing a twist-tie hanger through the hole in the top of the trap and hang in an appropriate location. Inspect the traps regularly and remove insects and debris. Replace trap as necessary when sticky surface becomes covered with debris, dust or insect scales.

NOTES

-DO NOT hang trap below foliage canopy or closer than 4 feet to the ground.

-To prolong storage life of lure, refrigerate or freeze unused lures in their protective packet.

-If different lures are being used for other insects it is recommended that gloves or tweezers be used to handle lures so that cross contamination is avoided.

-Sticky material may be removed from fingers with cooking or mineral oil.

-To maintain trapping efficiency, the sticky material on the trap bottom may be stirred with a small stick. Debris such as leaves and moths may be removed with a stick.

-Although the surface of this trap contains no dangerous chemicals, it is extremely sticky. Therefore, keep it out of reach of children and pets.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Human and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Avoid contact of lure with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. If irritation occurs, seek medical attention.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Store in a cool dry place. Do not open until ready to use.

DISPOSAL: When lure is exhausted, wrap and dispose of it in regular trash collection. Crush cardboard box and offer for recycling or discard in trash.

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use in accordance with directions.



Distributed by:

Lawn and Garden Products, Inc.
P.O. Box 35000 Fresno, California 93745-5000
Phone: 559-499-2100 Fax: 559-499-1015
www.montereylawngarden.com

EPA Est. No.73813-CR-1